

QP.No. BA 982

BA5G

**B.A. B.Ed. DEGREE (4 YEAR INTEGRATED)
EXAMINATION, January 2022**

**(For the Candidates admitted during the Academic Year
2019 – 2020 onwards)**

Third Semester

Core X – LANGUAGE AND LINGUISTICS

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL the questions.

1. Language is based on the concept of _____
sounds.
(a) Artificial (b) Natural
(c) Man made (d) Environment
2. Human language is mostly used for _____
purpose.
(a) Communicative
(b) Argumentative
(c) Discourse
(d) Needs
3. A single stable sound type that is represented by a single
written symbol is called a _____
(a) Morpheme (b) Phoneme
(c) Allophone (d) Allomorph

4. A minimal unit of meaning or grammatical function is called a _____
- (a) Phoneme (b) Allophone
(c) Morpheme (d) free morpheme
5. What is the original literal meaning of the word syntax in Greek?
- (a) Arrangement (b) sentence
(c) grammar (d) meaning
6. Tycoon is a borrowed word from which language?
- (a) Arabic (b) Italian
(c) Dutch (d) Japanese
7. Combination of two separate forms to produce a single new term is called _____ words.
- (a) Blending (b) Mixed
(c) Calque (d) Borrowing
8. Wall paper, textbooks, fingerprints, bookcase, doorknobs are examples of _____
- (a) Combining (b) Blending
(c) Compounding (d) Borrowing
9. A study of linguistic behaviour as determined by a socio-cultural factors is called as _____
- (a) Historical linguistics
(b) Sociolinguistics
(c) Psycholinguistics
(d) Behavioural linguistics

10. _____ is considered father of Historical linguistics.
- (a) Roland Barthes (b) Chomsky
(c) Derrida (d) Saussure

PART B — (5 × 4 = 20 marks)

Answer ALL the questions.

11. Compare and contrast articulatory, acoustic and auditory phonetics.
12. Differentiate between free and bound morpheme.
13. Explain deep and surface structure with examples.
14. Write a note on antonymy, synonymy, hyponymy with examples.
15. Define pragmatics with example.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer any FIVE the questions.

(Five out of Eight Questions)

16. State the importance of English Language as a branch of study.
17. Elaborate on phonetics and its importance to the English Language.
18. Define Morphology and explain morpheme and morphological structure with suitable examples.
19. Differentiate between syntax and semantics in Linguistics.
20. Define Pragmatics and how it helps in understanding Language.

21. Explain discourse analysis as a popular method to study verbal and written language.
 22. Discuss sociolinguistics as a branch of study.
 23. Elaborate on the examples of Historical Linguistics.
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